



the Constitution cannot result in a 'right' to abortion.

5. Judges should refrain from "legislating from the bench." The translation of public policy into law and the creation, extension, modification or limitation of citizens' rights (and governmental authority) are properly within the province of the legislative, not judicial, branch of government.: Agree

Comments - Question 5: As a trial judge, I am bound by the statutes of the State of Ohio, both as written and as interpreted by several layers of appellate courts. It is beyond my powers to 'legislate from the bench' beyond what I am duty-bound to accept and apply as the law.

6. An unborn child is biologically human at every stage of his or her biological development, beginning at fertilization.: Agree

Comments - Question 6: Again--personal beliefs, not relevant to my duty-bound considerations on how I must apply the law as a trial judge.

7. The law should be applied to pro-life demonstrators in the same manner as it is applied to environmental, anti-war and labor demonstrators.: Agree

Comments - Question 7: The rule of law dictates all standards of the law be applied equally and consistently to all persons.

8. There is no provision in the current Ohio Constitution intended to require the use of public funds for abortion.: Undecided

Comments - Question 8: Beyond the scope and expertise of my position as a trial level judge.

9. The judiciary does not possess the authority to expand the definition of marriage to include anything but one man and one woman.: Agree

Comments - Question 9: The judiciary does not have the authority to expand the definition of anything, but should constrain itself to the clear provisions of the state and federal constitutions as well as the laws passed by the legislature, of which the judiciary has taken an oath to uphold.

10. The law protects individuals' and organizations' rights of conscience from being forced to participate in abortion or other practices contrary to their moral or religious convictions.: Agree

Comments - Question 10: The Constitutional right to religious freedom protects all individuals and organizations from being forced to participate in anything contrary to their religious convictions.

11. Laws, regulations, or ordinances that restrict individuals' and organizations' rights of conscience are unconstitutional.: Agree

Comments - Question 11:

12. List all organizations to which you have contributed time or money in the past four years.: Butler County Republican Party  
Bible Baptist Church, Fairfield, Ohio