



Comments - Question 4: The text of the Constitution does not reference a right to abortion.

5. Judges should refrain from “legislating from the bench.” The translation of public policy into law and the creation, extension, modification or limitation of citizens’ rights (and governmental authority) are properly within the province of the legislative, not judicial, branch of government.: Agree

Comments - Question 5:

6. An unborn child is biologically human at every stage of his or her biological development, beginning at fertilization.: Agree

Comments - Question 6:

7. The law should be applied to pro-life demonstrators in the same manner as it is applied to environmental, anti-war and labor demonstrators.: Agree

Comments - Question 7: The law should be applied equally to all citizens.

8. There is no provision in the current Ohio Constitution intended to require the use of public funds for abortion.: Agree

Comments - Question 8:

9. The judiciary does not possess the authority to expand the definition of marriage to include anything but one man and one woman.:

Comments - Question 9: In our system, the judiciary doesn’t possess the power to make or expand ANY laws. The people and their elected representatives create laws; the job of the judiciary is to interpret and apply the law as written.

10. The law protects individuals’ and organizations’ rights of conscience from being forced to participate in abortion or other practices contrary to their moral or religious convictions.:

Comments - Question 10: Rights of conscience and religion are protected by Article 1, § 7 of Ohio’s Constitution and the First Amendment to the United States Constitution. The U.S. Supreme Court in the Hobby Lobby case reaffirmed that attempts by the federal government to force individuals to violate sincerely held religious beliefs violate the law.

11. Laws, regulations, or ordinances that restrict individuals’ and organizations’ rights of conscience are unconstitutional.:

Comments - Question 11: Rights of conscience and religion are protected by Article 1, § 7 of Ohio’s Constitution and the First Amendment to the United States Constitution. The U.S. Supreme Court in the Hobby Lobby case reaffirmed that attempts by the federal government to force individuals to violate sincerely held religious beliefs violate federal law.

12. List all organizations to which you have contributed time or money in the past four years.: I've contributed to numerous civic, religious, and community organizations over the course of my life and have continued to do so over the past four years, including various Republican party organizations, St. Mary's Church, CISE (Catholic Inner-City Schools Fund), BLOC Ministries, the schools in which I and my children have attended, the Federalist Society, and many others.

